Practice 10-2

Measuring Angles and Arcs

 \overline{AC} and \overline{DB} are diameters of $\bigcirc Q$. Identify each arc as a major arc, minor arc, or semicircle of the circle. Then find its measure.



2. \widehat{mAB} minor arc; 80 f

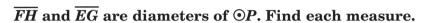


4. mADC semicircle: 180

3.
$$m EDC$$
 minor arc; 130

5. \widehat{mABC} semicircle; 180

6. \widehat{mBC} minor arc: 100





8. $m\widehat{DE}$ **52**

9.
$$m\widehat{FG}$$
 142

10. $m\widehat{DHG}$ 128

11.
$$m\widehat{DFG}$$
 232

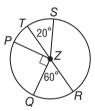
12. $m\widehat{DGE}$ 308



Use OZ to find each arc length. Round to the nearest hundredth.

13.
$$\widehat{QPT}$$
, if $QZ = 10$ inches **20.94 in.**

14. \widehat{QR} , if PZ = 12 feet **12.57 ft**



15.
$$\widehat{PQR}$$
, if $TR = 15$ meters **19.63 m**

16.
$$\widehat{QPS}$$
, if $ZQ = 7$ centimeters **17.10 cm**

- 17. HOMEWORK Refer to the table, which shows the number of hours students at Leland High School say they spend on homework each night.
- Homework Less than 1 hour 8% 1-2 hours 29% 2-3 hours 58% 3-4 hours 3% Over 4 hours 2%
- a. If you were to construct a circle graph of the data, how many degrees would be allotted to each category?

28.8, 104.4, 208.8, 10.8, 7.2

b. Describe the arcs associated with each category.

The arc associated with 2–3 hours is a major arc; minor arcs are associated with the remaining categories.